Cybersecurity I
Level 2: Student may have explored previously; first pathway specific course
Pathway(s): Networking Systems & Security

Description
Cybersecurity I is a course intended to teach students the basic concepts of cybersecurity. The course places an emphasis on security integration, application of cybersecurity practices and devices, ethics, and best practices management. The fundamental skills in this course cover both in house and external threats to network security and design, how to enforce network level security policies, and how to safeguard an organization’s information. Upon completion of this course, proficient students will demonstrate an understanding of cybersecurity concepts, identify fundamental principles of networking systems, understand network infrastructure and network security, and be able to demonstrate how to implement various aspects of security within a networking system.

Student Learning Outcomes
Cybersecurity Fundamental Concepts
1) Analyze ethical security practices, including but not limited to the issues of
   a. Data security
   b. Confidentiality
   c. Integrity
   d. Availability
   e. Authentication
   f. Nonrepudiation
   g. Physical security
   h. HIPPA Laws
   i. Payment Card Industry (PCI) Compliance
2) Understand the importance of ISO27000 standards
3) Research current events on breaches with focus on particular Information Assurance (IA) areas that were compromised
4) Analyze security threats, vulnerabilities, and exploits
   a. Explain how they impact an organization
Risk Management Techniques
5) Read and interpret technical information to define risk management and how it applies to information security
6) Perform a simulated risk assessment by using the common industry framework from ISO
Access Controls
7) Explain the core concepts of access control as they relate to authentication and authorization
8) Analyze the use of administrative, logical (technical) and physical controls applied to systems and organizations
9) Demonstrate the use of access controls that apply to user account management, including basic and advanced techniques

Fundamental Principles of Networking
10) Identify and describe common Local Area Network (LAN) methodologies
11) Analyze the various LAN topologies including perimeter networks which may include the use of a Demilitarized zone (DMZ)
12) Indicate and explain the standards of Ethernet
13) Describe the characteristics of LAN cabling
14) Explain industry standards used in wireless networks including security protocols used to protect the wireless network
15) Describe how routing protocols are used in the differences between static and dynamic methods of routing
16) Explain how to install and configure Routing and Remote Access Service (RRAS) to function as a network router and how to install and configure Routing Information Protocols
17) Choose between technologies and topologies used for wide area networks (WAN)
18) Explain how the different types of personal and small business internet connectivity has changed throughout history and identify current internet systems most commonly used

Fundamental Principles of Open Systems and Internet (OSI) Protocol
19) Summarize the common OSI model and the function used by each layer
20) Analyze and describe the differences between the Transmission Control Protocol/ Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and OSI models for networking
21) Define and describe the various services used by networks for the transmission of data such as DNS, NAT, and DHCP
22) Analyze the differences among the addressing techniques used by networks, including IPv4 and basic IPv6
23) Demonstrate the use of subnets in an organizations network environment
24) Research the features and requirements of a working model of a client server network and how services function in a networked window environment

Network Infrastructures and Network Security
25) Compare and contrast the differences and uses of the Internet, Intranets, and Extranets
26) Research and describe the most common methods and technology used to secure networks
27) Investigate and distinguish among the following common methods to secure a network
   a. VPNs for remote access
   b. Firewalls
   c. Perimeter network designs
   d. Preventative technologies

Fundamental Network Components of Cybersecurity
28) Research the different applications of network security devices
   a. Optical drives
   b. Combo drives and burners
   c. Connection types
d. Hard drives
e. Solid state/flash drives
f. RAID types
g. Floppy drive
h. Tape drive
i. Media capacity

29) Demonstrate secure networking techniques by designing a simple secure network

Basic and Advanced Command Prompts

30) Analyze the various networking commands used to test and examine networks
31) Research the features and uses of command line utilities to configure and examine networking services and construct a flow chart that a security analyst could reference

Application Security and Host Systems

32) Explore various operating and file systems used in networks
33) Identify the pros and cons of how systems are designed to provide the security necessary in a multiuser environment
34) Describe the most common security threats to computer systems, such as social engineering, malware, phishing, viruses, etc.
35) Distinguish among the following common prevention methods to secure a computer system
   a. Physical security (e.g., lock doors, tailgating, biometrics, badges, key fobs, retinal, etc.)
   b. Digital security (e.g., antivirus, firewalls, antispyware, user authentication, etc.)
   c. User education
   d. Principles of least privilege
36) Report on recent threats and vulnerabilities to systems in networking environments
37) Differentiate between threats and vulnerabilities and what constitutes a network attack
38) Identify how to differentiate between the different types of applications attacks
39) Explain ways to install and configure antivirus software

Security Administration

40) Research the features and requirements of common security procedures used to protect system resources on a network
41) Describe the differences among various methods to create baseline security measures
42) Research storage devices and backup media outlining their purpose, characteristics, proper maintenance, and methods used to back up and protect data from unauthorized use and access of data
   a. Optical drives
   b. Combo drives and burners
   c. Connection types
   d. Hard drives
   e. Solid state/flash drives
   f. RAID types
   g. Floppy drive
   h. Tape drive
   i. Media capacity
43) Demonstrate the methods used to protect against unauthorized use of files
44) Configure file and folder permissions
45) Analyze various protocols and services used by systems for securing them in a network environment

Cryptology

46) Illustrate cryptology’s historical evolution including but not limited to public key infrastructures, asymmetric and symmetric encryptions
47) Analyze common methods and use of cryptology to protect data