



Course Name	HVAC Tech	nology II	Course Details	Credit = 1.0-2.0 Prerequisite: HVAC Techno	•••
			Course = 0.50 Carnegie Unit Credit	CTE Credential: CTE Manufacturing or CTE Architecture and Construction	
Course Description	In Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) and Refrigeration Technology II, students will gain advanced knowledge and skills needed to enter the industry as HVAC and refrigeration technicians or building maintenance technicians or supervisors, prepare for a postsecondary degree in a specified field of construction or construction management, or pursue an approved apprenticeship program. Students will acquire knowledge and skills in safety, electrical theory, use of tools, codes, installation of commercial HVAC equipment, heat pumps, troubleshooting techniques, various duct systems, and maintenance practices.				
Note:	adapted, make	sure all essential knowledge and sk	ills are covered.	ork with any textbook or instructional	
SCED Identification #	17055	Schedule calculation based on 60 guest speakers, student presentation		ester. Scope and sequence allows for other content topics.	additional time for
All courses taught in an a		ogram must include Essential Skills und at <u>https://www.cde.state.co</u>		ent. The Essential Skills Framework f n/essentialskills	or this course can
Instructional Unit Topic	Suggested Length of Instruction	CTE or Academic Standard Alignment	Competency / Performance Indicator	Outcome / Measurement	CTSO Integration
Career Development		Integrate multiple sources of career information from diverse formats to make informed career decisions, solve problems, and manage personal career plans.	The student demonstrates professional standards/employability skills as required by business and industry. The student is expected to: (A) identify job opportunities with their accompanying job duties in occupations such as HVAC technician, building maintenance technician	Update materials from coursework to add to the student's portfolio. Continually reflect on coursework experiences and revise and refine the career plan generated in prior courses. Include photographs or illustrations and written descriptions of sequential progress in construction projects.	





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		or manager, and electrical engineer; and (B) research career pathways along with the education, job skills, and experience required to achieve a career goal.	
Commercial Air Systems	Describe the basic components and concepts of heating, air-conditioning, and refrigeration commercial systems. Explain the major functions of a building-management system.	The student learns the principles of commercial air systems. The student is expected to: (A) identify the differences between types of commercial air systems; (B) identify the type of building in which a particular type of system is used; and (C) explain the typical range of capacities for a commercial air system.	
Vent Systems	Demonstrate a practical knowledge of combustion heating systems. Determine the suitable application, and analyze the proper functioning, of gas valves and regulators.	The student knows the principles of venting fossil-fuel furnaces and the proper methods for selecting and installing vent systems for gas-fired	





heating equipment. The student is expected to:

(A) describe the principles of combustion and explain complete and incomplete combustion;

(B) describe the contentof flue gas and explainhow it is vented;

(C) identify the components of a furnace vent system;

(D) describe how to select and install a vent system;

(E) perform the adjustments necessary to achieve proper combustion in a gas furnace;

(F) describe the techniques for venting different types of furnaces;

(G) explain the variousdraft control devicesused with natural-draftfurnaces;





Construction			
		<ul><li>(H) calculate the size of a vent required for a given application; and</li><li>(I) adjust a thermostat heat anticipator.</li></ul>	
Hydronic Systems	Understand how hydronic systems are used to transfer heat. Identify the components of hydronic systems and understand their operational functions.	The student gains knowledge of hot water heating systems, focusing on safe operation of the low-pressure boiler and piping systems commonly used in residential applications. The student is expected to: (A) explain the terms and concepts used when working with hot-water heating; (B) identify the major components of hot-water heating; (C) explain the purpose of each component of hot-water heating; (D) demonstrate the safety precautions used when working with hot- water systems;	





Construction			<u> </u>
		(E) demonstrate how to operate selected hot- water systems;	
		(F) demonstrate how to safely perform selected operating procedures on low-pressure systems;	
		(G) identify the common piping configurations used with hot-water heating;	
		<ul> <li>(H) explain how to read</li> <li>the pressure across a</li> <li>water system circulating</li> <li>pump;</li> </ul>	
		<ul><li>(I) calculate heating water flow rates; and</li><li>(J) select a pump for a given application.</li></ul>	
Humidity Control	Demonstrate practical knowledge of systems designed to improve air quality. Define relative, specific, and absolute humidity. Compare and contrast the benefits of air-filtration, air-	The student learns the basic principles, processes, and devices used to control humidity and air clean-lines as well as devices used to conserve energy in HVAC systems. The student is expected to:	
	handling, and ventilation systems.		





(A) explain why it is important to control humidity in a building;

(B) recognize the various kinds of humidifiers used with HVAC systems and explain why each is used;

(C) demonstrate how to install and service the humidifiers used in HVAC systems;

(D) recognize the kindsof air filters used withHVAC systems andexplain why each is used;

(E) demonstrate how to install and service the filters used in HVAC systems;

(F) use a manometer or differential pressure gauge to measure the friction loss of an air filter;

(G) identify accessories commonly used with air conditioning systems to improve indoor air quality and reduce energy cost and explain the function of each, including humidity





Construction			
		control devices, air filtration devices, and energy conservation devices; and (H) demonstrate or describe how to clean an electronic air cleaner.	
Refrigerant	Locate and exp of refrigerant f accessories.	-	





(D) perform system evacuation and dehydration;(E) identify the service equipment used for recovering refrigerant from a system and for

recycling the recovered refrigerant and explain why each item of equipment is used;

(F) perform a refrigerant recovery;

(G) evacuate a system to a deep vacuum;

(H) identify the service
 equipment used for
 charging refrigerant into
 a system and explain why
 each item of equipment
 is used;

(I) use nitrogen to purge a system; and

(J) charge refrigerant into a system using various methods, including weight, superheat, sub-cooling, and charging pressure chart.





Construction			
Transformers	Understand how transformers operate and identify various types of transformers used in HVAC systems. Understand electrical theory applications for HVAC systems and components.	<ul> <li>The student gains knowledge of transformers, single- phase and three-phase power distribution, capacitors, theory and operation of induction motors, and instruments and techniques used in testing alternating current circuits and components. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) describe the operation of various types of transformers;</li> <li>(B) explain how alternating current is developed and draw a sine wave;</li> <li>(C) identify single-phase and three-phase wiring arrangements;</li> <li>(D) explain how phase shift occurs in inductors and capacitors;</li> <li>(E) describe the types of capacitors and their applications;</li> </ul>	Explain how transformers operate and identify various types of transformers used in HVAC systems. (Identify various forms of single-phase and three-phase transformers.) Explain how AC power is generated and how it is used.
		(F) explain the operation of single-phase and	





Construction			
		three-phase induction motors; (G) identify the various types of single-phase motors and their applications; (H) state and demonstrate the safety precautions that must be followed when working with electrical equipment; and (I) test alternating current components, including capacitors, transformers, and motors.	
Solid-State Electronics	Identify and explain the operations of electrical control systems and their components.	The student learns the theory of solid-state electronics as well as the operation, use, and testing of the various electronic components used in HVAC equipment. The student is expected to: (A) explain the theory of electronics and semiconductors; (B) explain how various semiconductor devices	



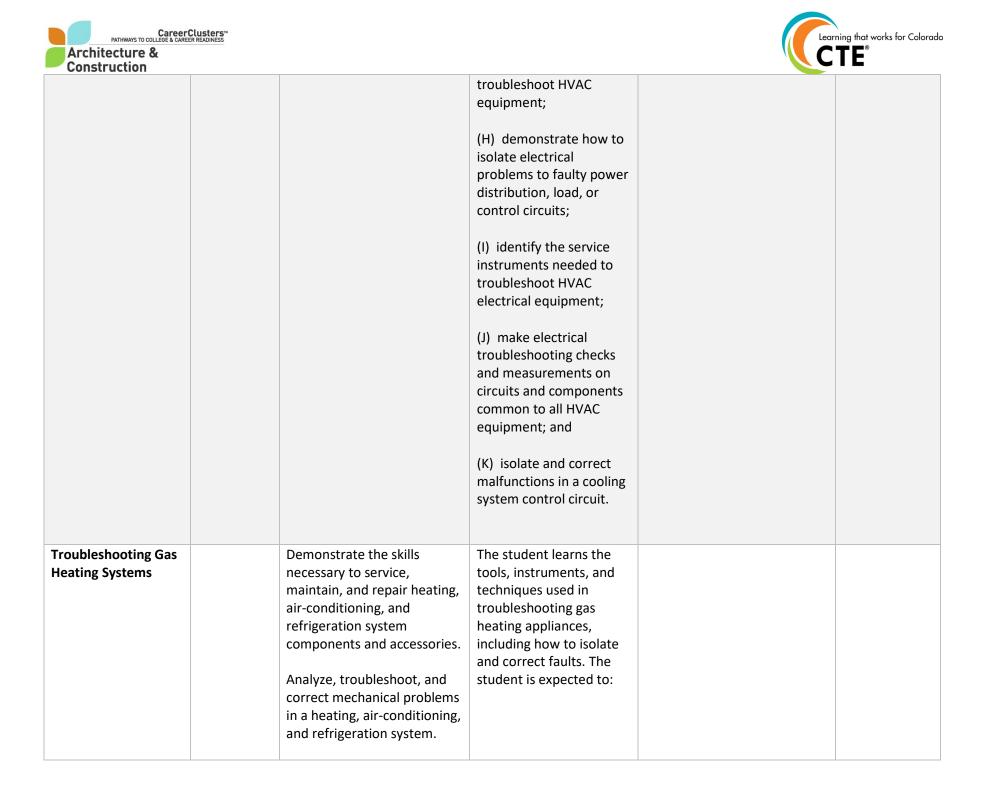


Construction			
		such as diodes, light emitting diodes, and photo diodes work and how the devices are used in power and control circuits;	
		(C) identify different types of resistors and explain how their resistance values can be determined;	
		(D) describe the operation and function of thermistors and cad cells;	
		(E) test semiconductor components; and	
		(F) identify the connectors on a personal computer.	
Thermostats and System Controls	Troubleshoot electrical control systems, motors, and their components. Describe the operation and function of different types of electromechanical thermostats.	The student learns the operation, testing, and adjustment of conventional and electronic thermostats as well as the operation of common electrical, electronic, and pneumatic circuits used to control HVAC systems. The student is expected to:	





<ul><li>(A) explain the function</li><li>of a thermostat in an</li><li>HVAC system;</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>(B) describe different</li> <li>types of thermostats and</li> <li>explain how the</li> <li>thermostats are used;</li> </ul>	
(C) demonstrate the correct installation and adjustment of a thermostat;	
(D) explain the principles applicable to all control systems;	
(E) identify the various types of electromechanical, electronic, and pneumatic HVAC controls and explain their function and operation;	
(F) describe a systematic approach for electrical troubleshooting of HVAC equipment and components;	
(G) recognize and use equipment manufacturers' troubleshooting aids to	







Construction			
		(A) describe the operating sequence for gas heating equipment;	
		<ul><li>(B) interpret control circuit diagrams for gas heating systems;</li></ul>	
		(C) describe the operation of various types of burner ignition methods;	
		<ul> <li>(D) identify the tools and instruments used when troubleshooting gas heating systems;</li> </ul>	
		(E) demonstrate using the tools and instruments required for troubleshooting gas heating systems; and	
		(F) isolate and correct malfunctions in gas heating systems.	
Troubleshooting Cooling Systems	Demonstrate the skills necessary to service, maintain, and repair heating, air-conditioning, and refrigeration system components and accessories.	The student learns the techniques and equipment used in troubleshooting cooling equipment and analyzing system temperatures and pressures in order to	





Construction			
	Analyze, troubleshoot, and	isolate faults. The	
	correct mechanical problems	student is expected to:	
	in a heating, air-conditioning,		
	and refrigeration system.	(A) describe a systematic	
		approach for	
		troubleshooting cooling	
		systems and	
		components;	
		(B) isolate problems to	
		electrical and mechanical	
		functions in cooling	
		systems;	
		,,	
		(C) recognize and use	
		equipment	
		manufacturers'	
		troubleshooting aids to	
		troubleshoot cooling	
		systems;	
		-,,	
		(D) identify and use the	
		service instruments	
		needed to troubleshoot	
		cooling systems;	
		(E) troubleshoot selected	
		problems in cooling	
		equipment; and	
		(F) state the safety	
		precautions associated	
		with cooling	
		troubleshooting.	
		troubleshooting.	





Construction Reverse-cycle	Understand the operation of	The student learns the	Explain how heat pumps can
Heating	heat pump systems.	principles of reverse-	extract heat from air and
licuting	near pamp systems.	cycle heating, the	water.
		operation of various	
		types of heat pumps, and	Describe common heat pump
		the mechanisms of heat	ratings such as coefficient of
		pump control circuits and	performance, heating season
		learns to install and	performance factor, and
		service heat pumps. The	seasonal energy efficiency
		student is expected to:	ratio. Explain how these are determined.
		(A) describe the	
		principles of reverse-	Describe the operation of heat
		cycle heating;	pump systems and the
			principles of revere-cycle
		(B) identify heat pumps	heating.
		by type and general	
		classification;	Describe sources of
			supplemental and/or
		(C) describe various	emergency heat used in heat
		types of geothermal	pump systems.
		water loops and their	Describe the exerction of
		application;	Describe the operation of
			electric heating equipment commonly used with heat
		(D) list the components	pumps.
		of heat pump systems;	pumps.
		(E) describe the role and	
		operation of electric heat	
		in common heat pump	
		systems;	
		(F) describe common	
		heat pump ratings such	
		as coefficient of	
		performance, heating	
		season performance	





Construction			
		factor, and seasonal energy efficiency ratio;	
		(G) demonstrate heat pump installation and service procedures;	
		(H) identify and install refrigerant circuit accessories commonly associated with heat pumps;	
		(I) analyze a heat pump control circuit; and	
		(J) isolate and correct malfunctions in a heat pump.	
Fasteners, Gaskets, Seals and Lubricants	Identify and describe common gaskets, packing materials, seals, and bearings used in HVAC equipment.	The student selects the application and installation of various types of fasteners, gaskets, seals, and lubricants as well as the installation and adjustment of different types of belt drives, bearings, and couplings. The student is expected to:	





(A) identify, explain, and install threaded and nonthreaded fasteners; (B) identify, remove, and install types of gaskets, packings, and seals; (C) identify types of lubricants and explain their uses; (D) use lubrication equipment to lubricate motor bearings; (E) identify the types of belt drives, explain their uses, and demonstrate procedures used to install or adjust them; (F) identify and explain types of couplings; (G) demonstrate procedures used to remove, install, and align couplings; (H) identify types of bearings and explain their uses; (I) explain causes of bearing failures;





CONSULUCION			
		<ul> <li>(J) demonstrate</li> <li>procedures used to</li> <li>remove and install</li> <li>bearings;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>(K) perform preventive maintenance inspection and cleaning procedures; and</li> </ul>	
		(L) list ways to develop and maintain good customer relations.	
Sheet metal work	Understand the application of sheet metal in the fabrication of ductwork of HVAC systems.         Describe the processes to join and install sheet metal duct.	<ul> <li>The student demonstrates how to lay out, fabricate, install, and join sheet metal ductwork. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) identify and describe the types of sheet metal;</li> <li>(B) define properties of steel and aluminum alloys;</li> <li>(C) describe a layout method and perform proper cutting;</li> <li>(D) join sheet metal duct sections using proper seams and connectors;</li> </ul>	





Construction			
		<ul> <li>(E) describe proper</li> <li>hanging and support</li> <li>methods for sheet metal</li> <li>ductwork;</li> </ul>	
		(F) describe thermal and acoustic insulation principles;	
		(G) select, apply, and seal the proper insulation for sheet metal ductwork;	
		<ul> <li>(H) describe guidelines</li> <li>for installing components</li> <li>such as register,</li> <li>diffusers, grilles,</li> <li>dampers, access doors,</li> <li>and zoning accessories;</li> <li>and</li> </ul>	
		(I) install takeoffs and attach flexible duct to a sheet metal duct.	
Fiberglass Ductwork	Describe the standards a application consideration related to fiberglass duct	ns knowledge and skills to	





nstruction (A) identify types of	
fiberglass duct, including flexible duct;	
(B) describe fiberglass duct layout and some basic fabrication methods;	
(C) describe the various closure methods for sealing fiberglass duct;	
(D) fabricate selected duct modules and fittings using the appropriate tools;	
(E) describe hanging and support methods for fiberglass duct;	
(F) describe how to repair major and minor damage to fiberglass duct; and	
(G) install takeoffs and attach flexible duct to a fiberglass duct.	



