

Colorado CTE Course – Scope and Sequence

Course Name	Principles of Natural Resource Management A		Course Details	Second level course in the Natural Resources / Environmental Science pathway course sequence. Content from this course could be inserted into courses in other pathways as part of the 40% unassigned instructional portion. First semester content		
			Course = 0.50 Carnegie Unit Credit			
Course Description	An introductory course for agriculture education students pursuing careers in Natural Resources and Environmental Sciences. This course expands student learning to the foundational principles of ecology including the fields of geology, meteorology, biology and chemistry related to the conservation, natural resources, and fish and wildlife management. Students will gain knowledge in career development, leadership, personal development, communications, and environmental science.					
Note:	This is a suggested scope and sequence for the course content. The content will work with any textbook or instructional resource. If locally adapted, make sure all essential knowledge and skills are covered.					
SCED Identification #	18504	Schedule calculation based on 60% of the instructional time in a semester. Scope and sequence allows for additional time for guest speakers, student presentations, field trips, remediation, or other content topics.				
All courses taught in an approved CTE program must include Essential Skills embedded into the course content. The Essential Skills Framework for this course can be found at https://www.cde.state.co.us/standardsandinstruction/essentialskills						
Instructional Unit Topic	Suggested % of Instructional Time	CTE or Academic Standard Alignment	Competency / Performance Indicator	Outcome / Measurement	CTSO Integration	
Defining the different components of the ecosystem and the interactions with in ecosystems.	8	NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.	NRS.01.01. Apply methods of classification to examine natural resource availability and ecosystem function in a particular region.	NRS.01.01.01.a. Summarize and classify the different kinds of natural resources using common classification schemes (e.g., living versus non-living, renewable versus nonrenewable, native versus introduced, etc.). NRS.01.01.01.b. Assess the characteristics of a natural resource to determine its classification. NRS.01.01.02.a. Summarize the components that comprise all ecosystems.		

				NRS.01.01.02.b. Analyze the interdependence of organisms within an ecosystem (e.g., food webs, niches, impact of keystone species, etc.) and assess the dependence of organisms on nonliving components (climate, geography, energy flow, nutrient cycling, etc.).	
Classifying species and analyzing biodiversity throughout a system	4		NRS.01.01. Apply methods of classification to examine natural resource availability and ecosystem function in a particular region.	NRS.01.01.03.a. Summarize and classify different kinds of living species based on evolutionary traits. NRS.01.01.03.b. Analyze how biodiversity develops through evolution, natural selection and adaptation; explain the importance of biodiversity to ecosystem function and availability of natural resources.	
Discuss the different environment cycles and their roles in Natural Resources, (water cycle, carbon cycle, ect.).	5	NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.	NRS.01.03. Apply ecological concepts and principles to atmospheric natural resource systems.	NRS.01.03.01.a. Classify different kinds of biogeochemical cycles and the role they play in natural resources systems. NRS.01.03.01.b. Assess the role that the atmosphere plays in the regulation of biogeochemical cycles.	
Evaluate the impacts of the climate to natural resources and human interactions	8	NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.	NRS.01.03. Apply ecological concepts and principles to atmospheric natural resource systems. NRS.02.02. Assess the impact of human activities on the availability of natural resources.	NRS.01.03.02.a. Research and summarize how climate factors influence natural resource systems. NRS.01.03.02.b. Analyze the impact that climate has on natural resources and debate how this impact has changed due to human activity.	

				<p>NRS.02.02.01.a. Summarize the relationship between natural resources, ecosystems and human activity.</p> <p>NRS.02.02.01.b. Assess and explain how different kinds of human activity affect the use and availability of natural resources (i.e., agriculture, industry, transportation, etc.).</p>	
<p>Evaluate the importance of Range land management and livestock interaction with the ecosystem</p>	5	<p>NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.</p> <p>NRS.04. Demonstrate responsible management procedures and techniques to protect, maintain, enhance, and improve natural resources.</p>	<p>NRS.01.02. Classify different types of natural resources in order to enable protection, conservation, enhancement and management in a particular geographical region.</p> <p>NRS.04.01. Demonstrate natural resource protection, maintenance, enhancement and improvement techniques.</p> <p>NRS.04.03. Prevent or manage introduction of ecologically harmful species in a particular region.</p>	<p>NRS.01.02.02.a. Research and examine the characteristics used to identify herbaceous plants.</p> <p>NRS.01.02.02.b. Apply identification techniques to determine the species of an herbaceous plant.</p> <p>NRS.04.01.04.a. Identify and categorize characteristics of healthy rangeland.</p> <p>NRS.04.01.04.b. Assess and apply methods of rangeland improvement.</p> <p>NRS.04.03.02.a. Identify and classify invasive species common to a particular region.</p>	
<p>Identify soil types and properties to make ecological decisions</p>	5	<p>NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.</p>	<p>NRS.01.02. Classify different types of natural resources in order to enable protection, conservation, enhancement and management in a</p>	<p>NRS.01.02.05.a. Research and examine the characteristics used to identify non-living resources (e.g., soil types, climate, geography, etc.).</p> <p>NRS.01.05.04.a. Compare and contrast techniques associated</p>	

			<p>particular geographical region.</p> <p>NRS.01.05. Apply ecological concepts and principles to terrestrial natural resource systems.</p>	<p>with soil management (e.g., soil survey and interpretation, erosion control, etc.).</p> <p>NRS.01.05.04.b. Analyze a plot of land in order to determine which soil management techniques would be most applicable.</p>	
<p>Determining the role of wildlife and insects and their key characteristics in an ecosystem</p>	8	<p>NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.</p>	<p>NRS.01.02. Classify different types of natural resources in order to enable protection, conservation, enhancement and management in a particular geographical region.</p> <p>NRS.01.06. Apply ecological concepts and principles to living organisms in natural resource systems.</p>	<p>NRS.01.02.03.a. Research and examine the characteristics used to identify wildlife and insects.</p> <p>NRS.01.02.03.b. Apply identification techniques to determine the species of wildlife or insect.</p> <p>NRS.01.06.01.a. Differentiate between population ecology, population density and population dispersion and describe the importance of these concepts to natural resource systems.</p> <p>NRS.01.06.01.b. Analyze the factors that influence population density and population dispersion in natural resource systems.</p> <p>NRS.01.06.02.a. Research and summarize examples of invasive species.</p> <p>NRS.01.06.02.b. Analyze factors that influence the establishment and spread of invasive species and determine the appropriate steps to prevent or minimize the impact of invasive species.</p>	

Colorado CTE Course – Scope and Sequence

Course Name	Principles of Natural Resource Management B		Course Details	Second level course in the Natural Resources / Environmental Science pathway course sequence. Content from this course could be inserted into courses in other pathways as part of the 40% unassigned instructional portion. Second semester content.		
			Course = 0.50 Carnegie Unit Credit			
Course Description	An introductory course for agriculture education students pursuing careers in Natural Resources and Environmental Sciences. This course expands student learning to the foundational principles of ecology including the fields of geology, meteorology, biology and chemistry related to the conservation, natural resources, and fish and wildlife management. Students will gain knowledge in career development, leadership, personal development, communications, and environmental science.					
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SCED Identification #	18504	Schedule calculation based on 60% of the instructional time in a semester. Scope and sequence allows for additional time for guest speakers, student presentations, field trips, remediation, or other content topics.				
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Understanding the importance of the forest industry in Colorado.	5	NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals. NRS.03. Develop plans to ensure sustainable production and processing of natural resources.	NRS.01.02. Classify different types of natural resources in order to enable protection, conservation, enhancement and management in a particular geographical region. NRS.03.01. Sustainably produce, harvest, process and use natural resource products (e.g., forest products, wildlife, minerals, fossil fuels, shale oil, alternative energy, recreation, aquatic species, etc.).	NRS.01.02.01.a. Research and examine the characteristics used to identify trees and woody plants. NRS.01.02.01.b. Apply identification techniques to determine the species of a tree or woody plant. NRS.03.01.01.a. Summarize forest harvesting methods. NRS.03.01.01.b. Assess harvesting methods in regards to their economic value, environmental impact, and other factors.		
Discussing the importance of water in Colorado and the regulations	8	NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and	NRS.01.04. Apply ecological concepts and principles to aquatic natural resource systems.	NRS.01.04.01.a. Summarize the roles and properties of watersheds.		

<p>associated with Natural Resources and Agriculture</p>		<p>scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.</p> <p>NRS.02. Analyze the interrelationships between natural resources and humans.</p>	<p>NRS.02.01. Examine and interpret the purpose, enforcement, impact and effectiveness of laws and agencies related to natural resource management, protection, enhancement and improvement (e.g., water regulations, game laws, historic preservation laws, environmental policy, etc.).</p>	<p>NRS.01.04.01.b. Assess the function of watersheds and their effect on natural resources.</p> <p>NRS.01.04.02.a. Examine and describe the importance of groundwater and surface water to natural resources.</p> <p>NRS.01.04.02.b. Analyze how different classifications of ground and surface water affect ecosystem function.</p> <p>NRS.02.01.01.a. Distinguish between the types of laws associated with natural resources systems.</p> <p>NRS.02.01.01.b. Analyze the structure of laws associated with natural resources systems.</p> <p>NRS.02.01.01.c. Evaluate the impact of laws associated with natural resources systems (e.g., mitigation, water regulations, carbon emissions, game limits, invasive species, etc.).</p>	
<p>Exploring human interactions on the impacts and availability on Natural Resources</p>	<p>8</p>	<p>NRS.02. Analyze the interrelationships between natural resources and humans.</p>	<p>NRS.02.02. Assess the impact of human activities on the availability of natural resources.</p> <p>NRS.02.03. Analyze how modern perceptions of natural resource management, protection,</p>	<p>NRS.02.02.01.a. Summarize the relationship between natural resources, ecosystems and human activity.</p> <p>NRS.02.02.01.b. Assess and explain how different kinds of human activity affect the use and availability of natural</p>	

			enhancement and improvement change and develop over time.	resources (i.e., agriculture, industry, transportation, etc.). NRS.02.02.03.a. Examine and describe the manner in which modern lifestyles are related to the depletion of natural resources. NRS.02.02.03.b. Identify solutions to improve the sustainability of modern lifestyles. NRS.02.03.01.a. Summarize and categorize the different social considerations in regards to the use of natural resources (e.g., public versus private, laws and regulations, economics, green technology, etc.).	
The economic relationships within Natural Resources	8	NRS.02. Analyze the interrelationships between natural resources and humans.	NRS.02.04. Examine and explain how economics affects the use of natural resources.	NRS.02.04.01.a. Compare and contrast how the economic value of a natural resource affects its availability. NRS.02.04.01.b. Assess whether economic value increases or decreases the conservation, protection, improvement and enhancement of natural resources. NRS.02.04.02.a. Research the impact of the use of natural resources on local, state and national economies (e.g., outdoor recreation, energy production, preservation, etc.). NRS.02.04.02.b. Assess the importance of the use of	

				<p>natural resources on local, state and national economies.</p> <p>NRS.02.04.03.a. Compare and contrast the economic impact of green technology and alternative energy.</p> <p>NRS.02.04.03.b. Analyze and document how the adoption of green technology and/or alternative energy affected a local, state or national economy.</p>	
<p>Evaluate management practices to develop plans for Natural Resources and non-renewable resources.</p>	8	<p>NRS.03. Develop plans to ensure sustainable production and processing of natural resources.</p>	<p>NRS.03.01. Sustainably produce, harvest, process and use natural resource products (e.g., forest products, wildlife, minerals, fossil fuels, shale oil, alternative energy, recreation, aquatic species, etc.).</p>	<p>NRS.03.01.03.a. Compare and contrast the costs and benefits (e.g., impacts on environment, economic, wildlife, etc.) of mineral extraction to a local, state and/or national economy.</p> <p>NRS.03.01.04.a. Compare and contrast the costs and benefits (e.g., impacts on environment, economic, wildlife, etc.) of fossil fuels to a local, state and/or national economy.</p> <p>NRS.03.01.05.a. Compare and contrast the costs and benefits (e.g., environmental impacts, etc.) of shale oil from fracking to a local, state and/or national economy.</p> <p>NRS.03.01.06.a. Compare and contrast the costs and benefits (e.g., environmental impacts, etc.) of alternative sources of energy (e.g., hydroelectric, solar, wind, biofuels, geothermal, etc.).</p>	

